

Notes for R.2 Order and Absolute Value (pp. 16 – 21)

Name: _____
Date: _____
Instructor: _____

Topics: Order on the Number Line, Absolute Value and the Properties of Absolute Value

I. Order of a List of Numbers on the Number Line (pp.16 – 17)

1. If a is to the *left* of the value b , then we use the symbol notation _____.
2. If a is to the *right* of the value b , then we use the symbol notation _____.

Ex. Write the order from smallest to largest: $0, -4, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{-5}{2}, 6, \sqrt{11}, -3$

II. Complete the chart below.

Symbol	Meaning (Reading from left to right)
\leq	
\geq	
	Is not less than
	Is not greater than
$a < b < c$	b is _____
$a < b$ and $b < c$	a is _____ and b is _____

III. Absolute Value (pp. 17 – 19)

Absolute value tells the _____ from 0 and is written as _____.
If a is a real number, then the algebraic definition of absolute value of a states:

$$|a| = \begin{cases} a & \text{if } a \geq 0 \\ -a & \text{if } a < 0 \end{cases}$$

Ex. $|-19| =$

Ex. $|14| =$

Ex. $-|-3| =$

Ex. Write without absolute value bars: $|5x - 15|$, if $x < 3 =$

