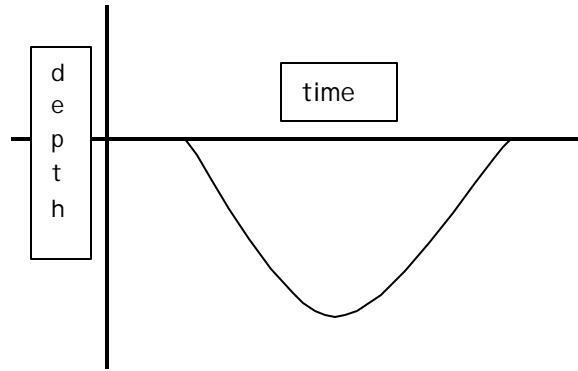


an exercise on reading graphs (Beth Long)

1. Mortimer Mole starts digging a U - shaped tunnel under the ground in the early morning. The tunnel's depth  $D$  (in feet) at time  $t$  (# hours after midnight) is given by a parabolic function  $D = D(t)$  which is drawn below. Match the questions about the tunnel with the correct feature on the graph.



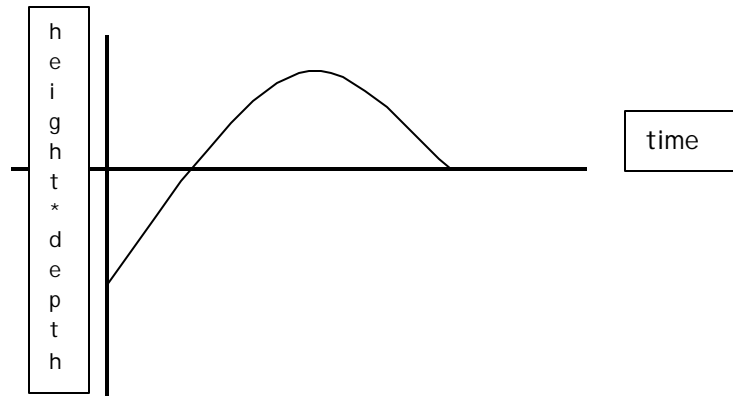
- \_\_\_\_\_ a. When did Mortimer finish his tunnel?
- \_\_\_\_\_ b. How deep did the tunnel go?
- \_\_\_\_\_ c. How long was Mortimer underground?
- \_\_\_\_\_ d. When did Mortimer start his tunnel?
- \_\_\_\_\_ e. When did Mortimer reach his maximum depth underground?

- i. x-coordinate of the vertex
- ii. y-coordinate of the vertex
- iii. smaller of the two x-intercepts
- iv. larger of the two x-intercepts
- v. difference of the two x-intercepts

Answers to #1

a. iv; b. ii; c. v; d. iii; e. i

2. A missile is shot from a submarine that is under water. The missile's path is parabolic and its depth/height (in m) at time  $t$  (in seconds) is given by the parabolic function  $y = H(t)$  whose graph is drawn below. Match the questions about the missile with the correct feature on the graph. Points along the x-axis correspond to a depth/height of zero - these are points along the water's surface.



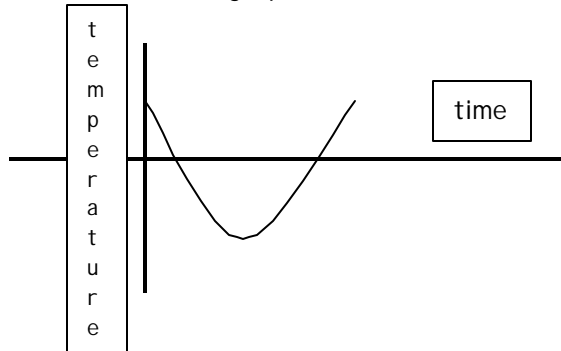
- \_\_\_\_\_ a. How high did the missile go?
- \_\_\_\_\_ b. How far under water was the missile when it was shot?
- \_\_\_\_\_ c. When did the missile first break the water's surface?
- \_\_\_\_\_ d. When did the missile reach its maximum height?
- \_\_\_\_\_ e. How long was the missile in the air?
- \_\_\_\_\_ f. When did the missile re-enter the water?

- i. x-coordinate of the vertex
- ii. y-coordinate of the vertex
- iii. smaller of the two x-intercepts
- iv. larger of the two x-intercepts
- v. difference of the two x-intercepts
- vi. y-intercept

3. The cost per item  $C$  (in dollars) to manufacture  $x$  whachapatoochies is given by the formula  $C = 14 + 3x + 30x^2$ . (Just consider  $x \geq 0$ .)

- a. Compute the discriminant of this quadratic function. Will the graph of  $C$  have any x-intercepts?
- b. What would it mean if the graph of  $C$  ever touched the x-axis? Why wouldn't this make sense in this application?
- c. What would it mean if the graph of  $C$  ever fell below the x-axis? Why wouldn't this make sense in this application?

4. The temperature  $T$  (in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) of a gas at time  $t$  (minutes) is given by a parabolic function whose graph is drawn below. Match the question about the gas' temperature with the appropriate feature of the graph.



- \_\_\_\_\_ a. When was the temperature  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  ?
- \_\_\_\_\_ b. What was the lowest temperature reached by the gas?
- \_\_\_\_\_ c. When was the temperature above  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  ?
- \_\_\_\_\_ d. What was the initial temperature?
- \_\_\_\_\_ e. When was the temperature at its lowest?
- \_\_\_\_\_ f. When was the temperature below  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  ?
- \_\_\_\_\_ g. How long was the temperature below  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  ?

- i. x-coordinate of the vertex
- ii. y-coordinate of the vertex
- iii. x-intercepts
- iv. x-values for which the graph lies above the x-axis
- v. difference of the two x-intercepts
- vi. y-intercept
- vii. x-values for which the graph lies below the x-axis